Order of operations

The order in which we perform numerical calculations is called the order of operations. To get correct answers, you must perform operations in the proper order.

- 1. Perform all operations within grouping symbols first, starting with the innermost pair if more than one pair is present.
- 2. Evaluate exponential expression (if any)
- 3. Perform multiplication or division in the order that they occur from left to right.
- 4. Perform addition or subtraction in the order that they occur from left to right.

PEMDAS: Parentheses, Exponents, Multiplication, Division, Addition, Subtraction

€[™] Remember: this does not imply multiplication before division or addition before subtraction.

Example 1: Evaluate the expression: $10 + 5 \cdot 6^2 - 3$

Solution

 $10+5\cdot6^{2}-3=10+5\cdot36-3 = 10+180-3 = 190-3 = 187$ Evaluate 6².
Evaluate 6².
Multiply 5 and 36.
Add 10 and 180.
Subtract

Example 2: Evaluate the expression: $-15 + 3[-7 + (64 \div 4^2)]$

Solution:

This expression has two pairs of grouping symbols. Evaluate the expression in the innermost pair first.

	1
$-15 + 3[-7 + (64 \div 4^2)] = -15 + 3[-7 + (64 \div 16)]$	Evaluate 4^2 .
=-15+3[-7+4]	Divide.
=-15+3[-3]	Add inside the brackets.
=-15-9	Multiply 3 and -3 .
=-14	Add.

Example 3: Evaluate the expression: $(24 \div 3) + 9(24 - 27)^2$

Solution:

This expression has two pairs of grouping symbols. Evaluate the expression in each pair of grouping symbols first.

$(24 \div 3) + 9(24 - 27)^2 = (8) + 9(-3)^2$	Parentheses.
$=8 + 9 \cdot 9$	Evaluate 3^2 .
= 8 + 81	Multiply.
= 89	Add.

Example 4: Evaluate the expression: $-12 - 64 \div 8 \cdot 2^4 + 25$

Solution:

The expression does not have groupings. Apply rule 2 first.

$$-12-64 \div 8 \cdot 2^{4} + 25 = -12 - 64 \div 8 \cdot 16 + 25$$

= -12 - 8 \cdot 16 + 25
= -12 - 128 + 25
= -140 + 25
= -115
Evaluate 2^{4} .
Divide.
Multiply.
Subtract.
Add.